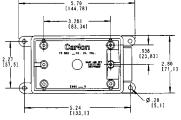
## Single Gang FS Boxes

#### Type FSE

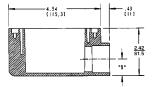
All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.



For dead-end terminations.







Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E980DFN	1/2	19	10
E980EFN	3/4	19	10
E980FFN	1	19	18
E980FFN-CAR	1	19	10

## Type FSC

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Detachable mounting feet provide easy mounting.

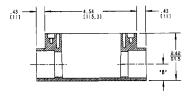


- 5.70 -[144.78] .938 [23,83] ( ) "EAST" 5.24



For through terminations.





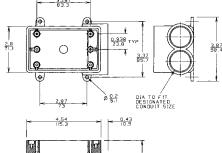
	Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
	E981DFN	1/2	19	15
Ī	E981EFN	3/4	19	15
	E981FFN	1	19	18
	E981FFN-CAR	1	19	10

## E42728

#### Type FSS

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Detachable mounting feet provide easy mounting.





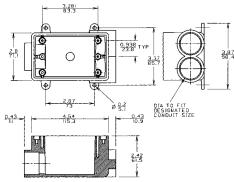
For multiple dead-end circuit terminations or where additional support is required in stub-up applications.

Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E982DFN	1/2	19	10
E982EFN	3/4	19	10
E982FFN-CTN	1	19	8

#### Type FSCC

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Detachable mounting feet provide easy mounting.





For multiple through circuit terminations or where additional support is required in stub-up applications.

Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E979DFN-CAR	1/2	19	10
E979EFN-CAR	3/4	19	10
E979FFN	1	19	15

### Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit - Switch Boxes

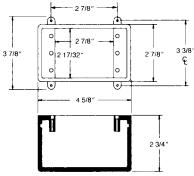
## Single Gang FD Deep Device Boxes



#### Type FD

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.





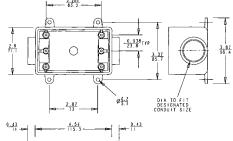
For terminations where hub requirements vary according to application – hubs easily made with flared wood bit or hole saw.

Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E9801	N/A	25	10

#### Type FDC

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.



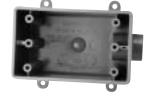


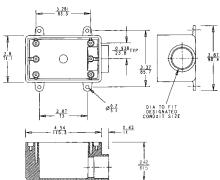
For through terminations where large devices or additional wiring capacity is required.

Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E9811DN	1/2	25	10
E9811EN	3/4	25	10
E9811FN	1	25	10

#### Type FDE

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.





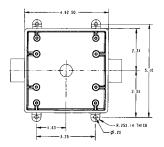
For dead-end terminations where large devices or additional wiring capacity is required.

Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E9801DN	1/2	25	10
E9801EN	3/4	25	10
E9801FN	1	25	10

## Two Gang FS Boxes

#### Type 2FSC

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.







For through terminations where two devices or additional wiring capacity is required.

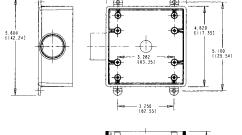
Part No.	Size	Vol. Cu. In.	Std. Ctn. Qty.
E9812D	1/2	32	10
E9812E	3/4	32	10
E9812F	1	32	10

#### Type 2FSE

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.



For dead-end terminations where two devices or additional wiring capacity is required.



4.620 [117.35]

Size	Vol.	Std. Ctn. Qty.	
1/2	32	10	

32

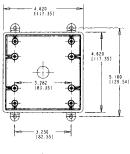
32

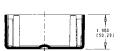
10

10

#### Type FS

All sizes take standard covers and accessories or devices. Integral mounting feet provide easy mounting.







For terminations where hub requirements vary according to application - hubs easily made with flared wood bit or hole saw.

Part	Size	Vol.	Std.
No.		Cu. In.	Ctn. Qty.
E9802	N/A	32	10

## Blank Covers Single Gang



**Part** 

E9802D E9802E

E9802F

Fits Carlon® single gang FS boxes. Supplied with stainless steel mounting screws and gasket.

Part No.	Color	Std. Ctn. Qty.	Std. Ctn. Wt. (lbs.)
E980CN-CAR	Gray	12	1.60
E980CM-CAR	White	12	1.60

#### Two Gang



Fits Carlon® two gang FS boxes, other nonmetallic and metallic FS boxes. Supplied with stainless steel mounting screws and gasket.

Part No.	Color	Std. Ctn. Qty.	Std. Ctn. Wt. (lbs.)
E9802CN-CAR	Gray	10	2.17

# Corrosion Resistance of Carlon Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PVC Conduit and Fittings

Carlon Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 are generally acceptable for use in environments containing the chemicals below. These environmental resistance ratings are based upon tests where the specimens were placed in complete submergence in the reagent listed. Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 can be used in many process areas where

chemicals not on this list are manufactured or used because worker safety requirements dictate that any air presence or splashing be at a very low level.

If there are any questions for specific suitability in a given environment, prototype samples should be tested under actual conditions.

Acetic Acid O-20% Acetic Acid 20-30% Acetic Acid 30-60% Acetic Acid 80% Acetic Acid - Glacial Acetic Acid Vapors Acetylene Adipic Acid Alum Aluminum Chloride Aluminum Fluoride Aluminum Hydroxide Aluminum Oxychloride Aluminum Nitrate Aluminum Sulfate Ammonia-Dry Gas Ammonium Bifluoride Ammonium Carbonate Ammonium Chloride Ammonium Hydroxide 28% Ammonium Metaphosphate Ammonium Nitrate Ammonium Persulfate Ammonium Phosphate - Neutral Ammonium Sulfate Ammonium Sulfide Ammonium Thiocyanate Amyl Alcohol Anthraquinone Anthraquinonesulfonic Acid Antimony Trichloride Aqua Regia Arsenic Acid 80% Arylsulfonic Acid Barium Carbonate Barium Chloride Barium Hydroxide Barium Sulfate Barium Sulfide Reet - Sugar Liquor Benzine Sulfonic Acid 10% Benzoic Acid Bismuth Carbonate Black Liquor (Paper Industry) Bleach - 12.5% Active CL<sub>2</sub> Borax Boric Acid Breeder Pellets - Dane. Fish

Bromic Acid

Butane Butadiene

Bromine - Wate

Butyl Alcoho **Butyl Phenol** Butylene **Butyric Acid** Calcium Bisulfite Calcium Carbonate Calcium Chlorate Calcium Chloride Calcium Hydroxide Calcium Hypochlorite Calcium Nitrate Calcium Sulfate Carbonic Acid Carbon Dioxide Gas - Wet Carbon Dioxide - Aqueous Solution Carbon Monoxide Caustic Potash Caustic Soda Chloracatic Acid Chloral Hydrate Chlorine Gas (Dry) Chlorine Gas (Moist) Chlorine Water Chlorosulfonic Acid Chrome Alum Chromic Acid 10% Chromic Acid 30% Chromic Acid 40% Chromic Acid 50% Citric Acid Copper Chloride Copper Cyanide Copper Fluoride Copper Nitrate Copper Sulfate Cottonseed Oil Cresylic Acid 50% Crude Oil - Sour Crude Oil - Sweet Demineralized Water Dextrin Dextrose Diglycolic Acid Disodium Phosphate Ethyl Alcohol Ethylene Glycol Fatty Acids Ferric Chloride Ferric Nitrate Ferric Sulfate Ferrous Chloride Ferrous Sulfate

Fluorine Gas - Wet Fluorine Gas - Dry Fluoroboric Acid Fluorosilicic Acid Formaldehyde Formic Acid Fructose Gallic Acid Gas - Coke Oven Gas - Natural (Drv) Gas - Natural (Wet) Gasoline - Sour Gasoline - Refined Glucose Glycerine (Glycerol) Glycol Glycolic Acid Green Liquor (Paper Industry) Heptane Hexanol, Tertiary Hydrobromic Acid 20% Hydrochloric Acid 0% - 25% Hydrochloric Acid 25% - 40% Hydrocyanic Acid or Hydrogen Cyanide Hydrofluoric Acid 10% Hydrofluorosilicic Acid Hydrogen Phosphide Hydrogen Sulfide - Dry Hydrogen Sulfide -**Aqueous Solution** Hydroquinone Hydroxylamine Sulfate lodine Kerosene Lactic Acid 28% Lauric Acid Lauryl Chloride Lauryl Sulfate Lead Acetate Lime Sulfur Linoleic Acid Linseed Oil **Lubricating Oils** Magnesium Carbonate Magnesium Chloride Magnesium Hydroxide Magnesium Nitrate Magnesium Sulfate Maleic Acid Malic Acid Mercuric Chloride Mercuric Cyanide

Mercurous Nitrate Mercury Methyl Sulfate Methylene Chloride Mineral Oils Naphthalene Nickel Chloride Nickel Nitrate Nitric Acid, Anydrous Nitric Acid 20% Nitric Acid 40% Nitric Acid 60% Nitrobenzene Nitrous Oxide Oils and Fats Oils - Petroleum - (See Type) Oleic Acid Oxalic Acid Palmitic Acid 10% Perchloric Acid 10% Phenylhydrazine Hydrochloride Phosgene, Gas Phosphoric Acid - 0-25% Phosphoric Acid - 25-50% Phosphoric Acid – 50-85% **Photographic Chemicals Plating Solutions** Potassium Bicarbonate Potassium Bichromate Potassium Borate Potassium Bromide Potassium Carbonate Potassium Chloride Potassium Chromate Potassium Cvanide Potassium Dichromate Potassium Ferricyanide Potassium Ferrocyanide Potassium Fluoride Potassium Hydroxide Potassium Nitrate Potassium Perborate Potassium Perchlorite Potassium Permanganate 10% Potassium Persulfate Potassium Sulfate Propane Propyl Alcohol Silicic Acid Silver Cyanide Silver Nitrate Silver Plating Solutions Sodium Acetate

Sodium Arsenite Sodium Benzoate Sodium Bicarbonate Sodium Bisulfate Sodium Bisulfite Sodium Bromide Sodium Chlorate Sodium Chloride Sodium Cyanide Sodium Dichromate Sodium Ferricyanide Sodium Ferrocyanide Sodium Fluoride Sodium Hydroxide Sodium Hypochlorite Sodium Nitrate Sodium Nitrite Sodium Sulfate Sodium Sulfide Sodium Sulfite Sodium Thiosulfate (Hypo) Stannic Chloride Stannous Chloride Stearic Acid Sulfur Sulfur Dioxide - Gas Dry Sulfur Trioxide Sulfuric Acid - 0-10% Sulfuric Acid - 10-75% Sulfuric Acid - 75-90% Sulfurous Acid Tannic Acid **Tanning Liquors** Tartaric Acid Titanium Tetrachloride Triethanolamine Trimethyl Propane Trisodium Phosphate Turpentine Urea Vinegar Whiskey White Liquor (Paper Industry) Wines Zinc Chloride Zinc Chromate Zinc Cyanide Zinc Nitrate Zinc Sulfate

## Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit - Specification Format

#### Suggested Format for Specifying Carlon Nonmetallic Conduit, Conduit Fittings and Junction Boxes

- **A.** The Carlon rigid nonmetallic conduit system shall be installed as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein.
- B. All wiring shall be installed in Carlon rigid nonmetallic conduit. All conduit shall be secured by means of proper fittings. All fittings shall be Carlon.
- C. Carlon outlet boxes, fittings and junction boxes shall be used for all outlets, pull boxes and junction points. (Lighting fixtures shall not be supported or hung from PVC junction boxes but be supported in position by other means.)
- **D.** Exposed conduits shall be mounted securely by suitable hangers or straps with the maximum spacing of points of supports not greater than indicated by Section 352.30 of the NEC.
- **E.** Except where embedded in concrete or direct buried, Carlon conduit shall be supported to permit adequate lineal movement to allow for expansion and contraction of conduit due to temperature change.
- **F.** For aboveground installations where temperature change in excess of 14°C (25°F) is anticipated, expansion joints shall be installed. See Table 352.44(A) NEC for expansion characteristics.
- **G.** Proper care shall be taken when field bending is employed to maintain the internal diameter and wall thickness of the conduit.



